



## TULSA DAILY WORLD

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FINAL EDITION

4:00 o'clock A. M.

## FOE GETS FOL AFTER SHIP SURRENDER

## START CAMPAIGN AGAINST LEAGUE

Democrats and Republicans Here Join in Movement to Oppose Adoption.

## DIGGS RAPS CONSTITUTION

Contrasts Wilson's Theories With Americanism of Theodore Roosevelt.

## ORGANIZE PERMANENT CLUB

State Fight to Be Waged; Campbell, Greer and Others Voice Sentiments.

Judge James H. Diggs, a prominent Democrat, was the principal speaker at a meeting of Tulsa citizens at the court house last night which voiced strong opposition to the proposed league of nations. Judge Diggs was especially bitter in his denunciation of the terms of the proposed international constitution and of President Wilson's peace theories, and Judge John E. Campbell and Frank Greer, who followed him, were so emphatic in their opposition to the league that at the conclusion of the speaking there was organized a permanent Roosevelt American club through which a state-wide campaign will be waged against the movement.

The subject on which Judge Diggs spoke was "Americanism and the American," but he devoted the greater part of his address to a discussion of the league of nations and President Wilson, using Roosevelt as a type of the practical statesman in contrast to Wilson, the theorist. He quoted President Wilson as saying that the United States would have to surrender some of its rights in order to establish a permanent peace in the world.

May Not Surrender.

"If the proposed constitution of the league of nations takes one single right away from us," said Judge Diggs, "it must not be." Point by point he took up the different articles of the peace convention and criticized them as being un-American and contrary to the principles upon which our government was founded. The applause which followed the closing of Judge Diggs' remarks indicated that he had made a profound impression upon the audience.

Judge Ralph E. Campbell, former United States district judge, was next introduced by Chairman A. A. Small. Judge Campbell said that the more he studied the question the more he was convinced that there were great dangers to this country in the proposed league of nations. He thought it was a matter that the people should give the closest attention to, and expressed his doubt that the United States could go into any such agreement with the nations of the world. He deplored the fact that there was not a man like Roosevelt to guide the people through what he thought was the greatest crisis that has yet confronted the country.

Frank Greer said that President Wilson had introduced the league of nations into the world, and that it was now the duty of the people to decide whether or not they would accept it. He said that he was not a man who was easily swayed, and that he was not a man who was easily swayed.

Today is big day at war exposition. Largest crowds of week are looked for at both performances with promise of good weather.

Anticipating the largest crowds of the week at both the afternoon and night performances, and with the promise of perfect weather, the management of the national war exposition has added several features to the show and it will be seen today at 2:30 and 8:00 p. m.

The reason that it is better organized, and the actors are more expertly trained for the parts they play in the great military spectacle. There does not often have the opportunity to hear such a splendid band as the organization from Fort Snelling, Minn., for the performance. It is composed of picked musicians from the great army post, and the men from the most famous bands and orchestras in the country.

A reproduction of the battle of Marston, one of the most thrilling events in the history of the great war. It depicts in detail the capture by Americans of the first German tank, and the first German gas attack, and the first German submarine.

The war relics from a collection which is probably the most complete in Tulsa and they furnish an exhibit that every school boy and girl would not be disappointed in seeing.

Twenty percent of the proceeds of the exhibition are donated to the Tulsa soldiers' memorial fund. The States government on invitation of the allied clubs committee under which the exhibition is presented.

## WIRE BRIEFS

**JEWS ARE BEING KILLED IN UKRAINE.**  
STOCKHOLM, March 7.—The Jewish press bureau here says that the Yiddish Morgenpost of Vienna reports that Jews are being massacred in large numbers in eastern Galicia and the Ukraine. The report says that 400 families have been killed at Proskoroff in the Ukraine, east of Lemberg.

**TO TELL KOLCHAK TO KEEP HANDS OFF.**  
WASHINGTON, March 7.—It was intimated in official quarters here that the allies and the United States would warn Admiral Kolchak, dictator of the Russian government, that if he did not keep his hands off the Russian people, they would interfere with the Vlodivostok local authorities.

## MAKE GERMAN-AUSTRIA PART OF GERMANY.

**RASEL, March 7.**—The constitutional committee of the Austrian national assembly, according to a report from Vienna, has adopted a proposition submitted by the government proclaiming German-Austria a democratic republic and an integral part of the German republic. The motion, it is said, was carried unanimously.

**Agitation in Norway.**  
CHRISTIANA, March 7.—A strong revolutionary agitation is being carried out in Finnmark (the northernmost part of Norway) by an organization which is planning a revolution on the Russian pattern, according to a report from Kirkenes to the Aftenposten.

## U. S. Mission Takes Refuge Behind Guns in Berlin Fighting

**LONDON, March 7.**—When Spartans forces captured the main telegraph office in Berlin Thursday the members of the American Red Cross mission were endangered by the shooting, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Berlin. Colonel Taylor ordered the women with the mission to seek safety in the Palace hotel.

**The American mission to look after the welfare of prisoners entrenched itself in the Hotel Adlon behind a battery of machine guns.**

**The battle for the telegraph office, the dispatch adds, was the worst Berlin has seen.**

## 27 Canadians Are Killed in Riot For Return Home

## THE WEATHER

TULSA, March 7.—Maximum, 47; minimum, 31; just north, partly cloudy.

OKLAHOMA, Saturday rain or snow, except rain in southeast portion; Sunday probably fair.

ARIZONA, Saturday, rain, probably rain, cooler in northwest portion; Sunday cloudy, rain in east portion; Monday, rain.

ARKANSAS, Saturday, probably rain, cooler in west portion; Sunday, rain, cooler in southeast portion; Monday, rain.

EAST TEXAS, Saturday, rain, cooler in southeast portion; Sunday, rain, cooler in southeast portion; Monday, rain, with rising temperature.

WEST TEXAS, Saturday, generally fair, cooler except in the Panhandle; Sunday, fair, warmer in the Panhandle; Monday, fair, with rising temperature.

THE WASH ROOM TRAGEDY.

They found him in the wash room of the Pullman sleeping car.

Some thought that he had fallen and been strangled by the bar.

Some fancied he had fainted and some guessed he had a stroke.

But the case ones only chuckled, when at last the victim spoke.

"I was shaving," I was shaving! Oh, I can't remember more.

"I was shaving, hush shaving, when I seemed to hit the floor!"

It was early in the morning and the train was pulling in.

When the gentleman decided that he'd scrape his face and chin.

So, regardless of his neighbors, who he looked at with a stare.

He proceeded very calmly to make use of all the space.

I can't remember just what happened, for the room was very small.

And a lot of us were watching, when he heard the stranger fall.

On the leather cushions near him, he fell, his open traveling case.

And his personal possessions slipped each bit of space.

From that moment on, the case dangled—'he'd monopolized them all!'

There were shaving soap and powder and a comb and a brush.

And a lot of us were watching, when he heard the stranger fall.

Quite enough to stick a drug store, on the washstand stood about.

Which is why the whole case dangled—'he'd monopolized them all!'

No one seems to know the story, no one seems to care to tell.

We found him cold and silent in the washroom where he fell.

There are some who think he had a stroke, but the wise ones sit and chuckle, and for the time being, they're all.

But they know that someone landed, with a wallop swift and straight.

On the washstand stood about, when he heard the stranger fall.

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## Malcontents Want to Be Sent Back Ahead of Other Troops.

## DESTRUCTION IS HEAVY

Property Loss Results in Military Camp at Rhyl, Wales.

## ORDER QUICKLY RESTORED

Authorities Control Situation Without Asking British Aid.

LONDON, March 7.—From 5 to 27 persons are estimated to have been killed and from 25 to 75 wounded in rioting during the past three days at Rhyl military camp at Rhyl, Wales, according to a Liverpool dispatch received here tonight. Great property damage was caused, the dispatch adds.

According to latest reports from Liverpool the riot was started by about 200 malcontents. There were 25,000 Canadians in the camp awaiting demobilization and embarkation. The men who caused the trouble were war casualties who had served for three years or more in France. They complained that their embarkation had been postponed while other men who had seen less service were sent home.

After the destruction of stores of all kinds on Tuesday by the discontented men, the situation took a more serious turn Tuesday, when the cavalry was called out but was forbidden to use its arms.

Troops from Chester intercepted the rioters in their march upon Abergele, near Rhyl, and also prevented a threatened raid on the latter place. Five men were killed and 40 injured in the course of this fighting, it is reported.

There was further rioting, with shooting early Thursday morning, but at no time was there organized firing by any armed party. Most of the deaths were due to crushing, it is said.

An infantry major holding the Victoria cross and believed to be from New Brunswick, is reported to have been virtually trampled to death while attempting to defend the officers' quarters against great odds.

The Daily Mail says the Canadian authorities restored order without the assistance of British troops and that the riot was a purely Canadian disciplinary action.

The Canadian officials have informed the war office that they do not desire any increase in shipping out of the camp as a consequence of the outbreak as they do not intend to be coerced by the action of the rioters. It is stated that 20 or 30 of the ring leaders, most of foreign extraction, have been arrested by the Canadian authorities co-operating with the civilian police.

On Thursday numbers of the men paraded in Rhyl. They made noisy demonstrations, but committed no damage.

## ACQUITTAL OF COOK RUMORED IN COURT

Jury's Instruction Is to Return Sealed Verdict in Murder Case Today.

CHICAGO, March 7.—The jury in the trial of John Norman Cook charged with the murder of William E. Bradway, middle aged admirer of Cook's daughter, was directed to return a verdict of not guilty, according to a report from Chicago today.

A report circulated in the criminal court building that the jury had reached a verdict of not guilty, could not be confirmed, although it was believed by many.

The jury had been out less than four hours after receiving the case at 3:45 p. m., when the report of acquittal was spread. Two hours earlier Judge George Kenyon had ordered the jury locked up with instructions to return a sealed verdict, if one was reached, to be read in court tomorrow.

The defendant and his counsel had left the court room apparently confident of acquittal. The lawyer, Everett Jennings, in his plea to the jury had pictured Cook as a father who had been driven to crime by the beautiful daughter from whom he had been driven.

The lawyer shed tears freely, Cook wept, and so did a number of spectators.

The prosecution had vigorously demanded conviction although the death penalty had not been directly asked.

**Exporters Go to Prison.**

New Orleans, March 7.—Execution of sentences to serve three years in the federal prison at Atlanta, imposed on Albert Lemore and Edward J. Carriere, local slave exporters, convicted of having used the mails to defraud, was ordered by Judge Foster in the United States district court here today.

## 400 ARE KILLED IN BERLIN FIGHT

Fighting Is Fierce in Streets and Spectators Are Shot in Battle.

## GOVERNMENT IS WINNING

All Public Buildings Are Held Say Latest Reports Coming From Berlin.

## POLICE STATION WAS HELD

Rush of Bolshevik Partisans Cut Off Headquarters Until New Soldiers Come.

LONDON, March 7.—All the important buildings in Berlin were in the hands of government troops Friday afternoon and a good prospect of maintaining order was assured, according to a German government wireless message received here tonight.

The number of dead and wounded in the recent fighting exceeds 400, the message says.

By The Associated Press.

BERLIN, Thursday, March 6.—Government troops began an attack today from all sides of the center of the city and made brilliant progress. The attack was for the purpose of relieving police headquarters. A column from the west progressed to within a block of police headquarters in two hours.

It is believed that the column succeeded in relieving the besieged garrison at police headquarters, although military headquarters at 6:30 o'clock tonight had not yet received any information on that point.

Between 200 and 300 persons were killed or wounded. The casualties were largely among spectators.

The spectators, despite all warnings, persisted in staying to see the fighting. The casualties among the government troops were comparatively light.

There was very little organized coherent opposition by the republican forces, and the republican guards and Spartacist militia were caught by surprise without efficient leadership and were unable to check the attack of the well-disciplined government forces.

By The Associated Press.

BERLIN, Thursday, March 6.—The government has decided to disarm the republican guard and the "people's marine guard" starting at 4 o'clock this afternoon. A strong force of government troops, including a loyal machine gun division, and artillery and mine throwers now are marching through Unter den Linden to take up positions.

The government took this step because of the impossibility of distinguishing between those who are loyal and those who are not, and also because of the general unreliability of the republican divisions. The two forces number 15,000 men in Berlin.

Police headquarters in Alexanderplatz was still besieged at 3 o'clock tonight by sailors and republican forces who had gone over to the Spartacists from the government side. A scattering fire was being maintained by both sides.

COPENHAGEN, March 7.—Police headquarters in Berlin, which has been besieged by the Spartacists for two days, was cut off from all communication with the outside world Thursday when the Spartacists cut the telephone wires, according to a telegram from Berlin.

Eight persons were killed and a number wounded in the fighting there Thursday.

The police headquarters building has been shelled severely in the CONTINUED ON PAGE TEN.

## Governor Intimates He Will Not Approve Telephone Resolution

World's Capital Bureau.

OKLAHOMA CITY, March 7.—The hopes of those members of the lower house who had supported the measure to cancel the charter of the Oklahoma Telephone company were rudely shattered today when Governor Robinson, in his daily talk with reporters, indicated that he would not sign the resolution passed yesterday by the house.

"It is an intimation of the courts for the legislature to attempt to revoke the charter," the governor said. "The measure is a mere suggestion and it is not our duty to take it up."

Explaining his statement, the governor said: "This matter is now with the courts and it is up to them to make the final decision. I believe, however, from a personal standpoint, that the old rates should be re-established, but no underhanded methods should be pursued in order to force the company into dissolving the government's orders."

## Duchess, Formerly Miss Vanderbilt, Wins Office

Martusaine, Who Represents Government of North, Says Reds Not in Favor.

## URGES SENDING OF TROOPS

Crushing of Bolsheviki Only Way to Aid Russia, He Tells Committee.

## FALSE PROMISES ARE MADE

Terrorism Is Practiced He Declares Along With Pledges Unfulfilled.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—G. A. Martusaine, who described himself as a Russian peasant and at present the official representative in this country of the Russian government of the north, told the senate propaganda committee today that the United States and the allies could aid Russia only by helping to crush the bolsheviki, with Lenin and Trotsky notwithstanding, he said, the masses of people now ruled by certain would-be revolutionaries organize a real domestic government.

The witness, who testified with the aid of an interpreter, disagreed with testimony presented earlier in the day by Raymond Robins, former head of the American Red Cross mission in Russia, that the masses of the Russian people favor the bolsheviki regime. Mr. Martusaine told the committee that since he was a Russian himself, he had a more intimate knowledge of the desires of the Russian people than Mr. Robins could possibly have secured during the few months the Red Cross official was in the country.

Mr. Martusaine said that in his opinion both Lenin and Trotsky were fanatics who believed it their mission to destroy every government by force by the bolsheviki when they found only one-fourth of the Russian people who were in favor of the bolsheviki.

"I know that the masses of people in Russia will fight bolshevism just as they fought czarism, for the terror they are under now is far greater than any they ever suffered under the old autocracy."

Mr. Martusaine said that in his opinion both Lenin and Trotsky were fanatics who believed it their mission to destroy every government by force by the bolsheviki when they found only one-fourth of the Russian people who were in favor of the bolsheviki.

The witness described in detail the economic disorganization and chaos which he believed was the result of the reign of terror inaugurated by the bolsheviki, which led to the United States and Great Britain virtually declaring their outlaws.

He said that the bolsheviki were now in a position to make a revolution in the north of Russia, which would result in the establishment of a monarchy.

The witness said that he had been in the north of Russia, where he had seen the revolution in progress, and that he had seen the bolsheviki in the process of being crushed.

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